Challenges in Monitoring Greenland's Surface Mass Balance

(*psst*: it's about the woter

Mike MacFerrin

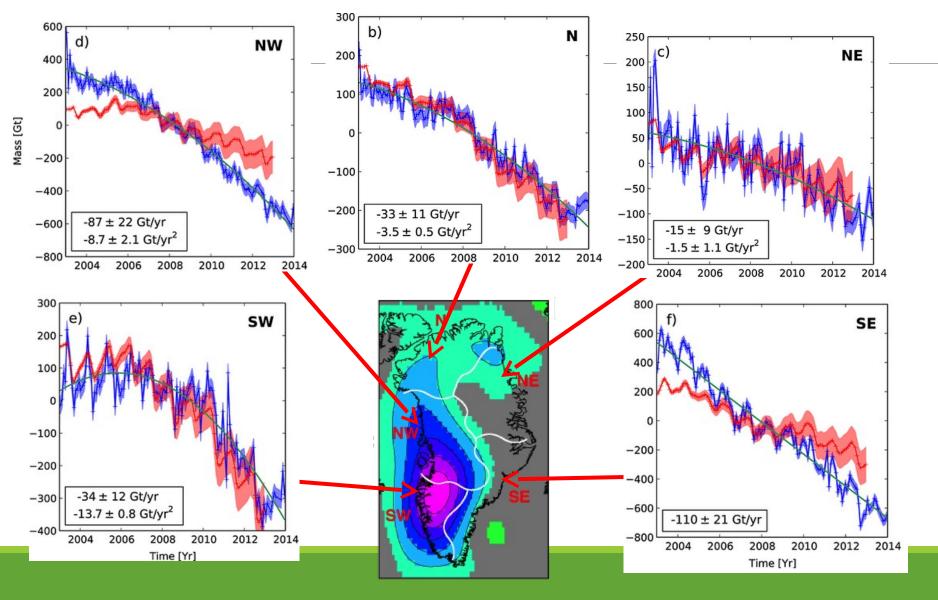
Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES)

University of Colorado, Boulder, CO

Polar Technology Conference (PTC-15), March 25, 2015



2002-2014



Surface Mass Balance (SMB) accounts for 68% of mass loss and 79% of acceleration in Greenland, 2002-2014

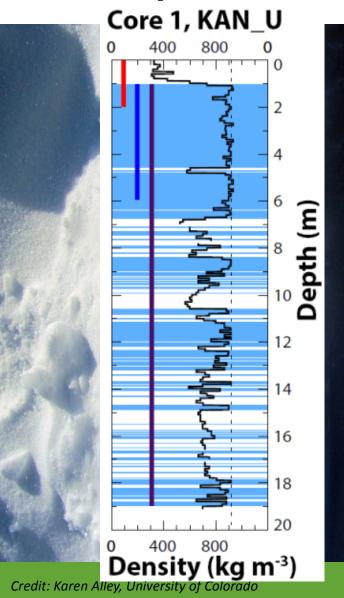
Velicogna I., T.C. Sutterley, M. van den Broeke. (2014). 'Regional acceleration in ice mass loss from Greenland and Antarctica using GRACE time-variable gravity data'. *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 41 (22), 8130-8137



Ice Lenses at KAN-U, SW Greenland, 2012



67.0 N, 47.0 W 1860 m a.s.l.



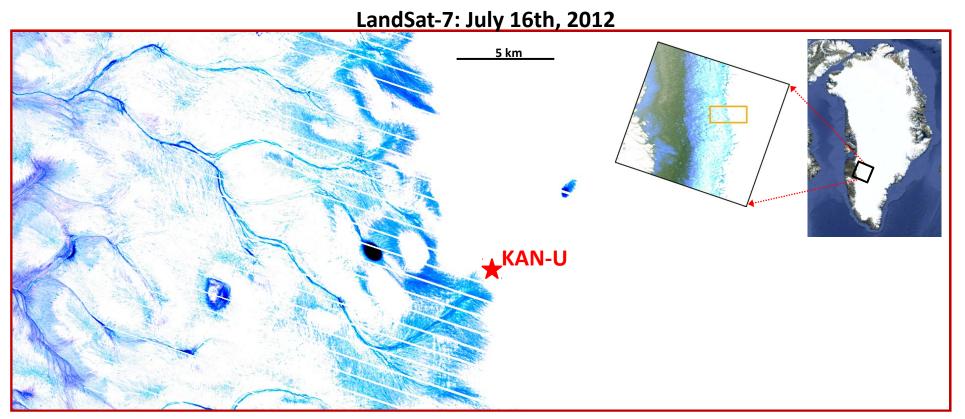


Credit: Babis Charalampidis, GEUS

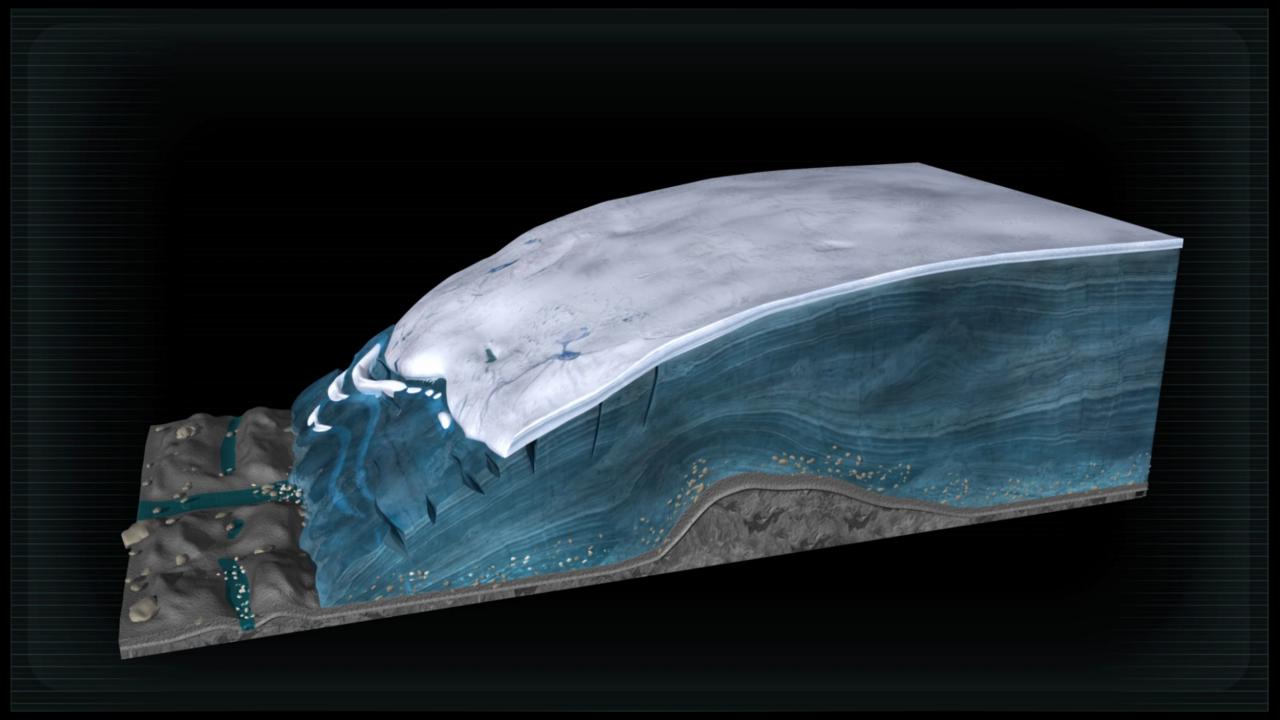
KAN-U, Spring 2012



Summer 2012 Runoff Reaches KAN-U



Runoff had not previously been witnessed this high in southwest Greenland (up to 1900+ m a.s.l.)



Watson River in early May



Credit: Karen Alley, Univ. Colorado

Watson River in July 2012



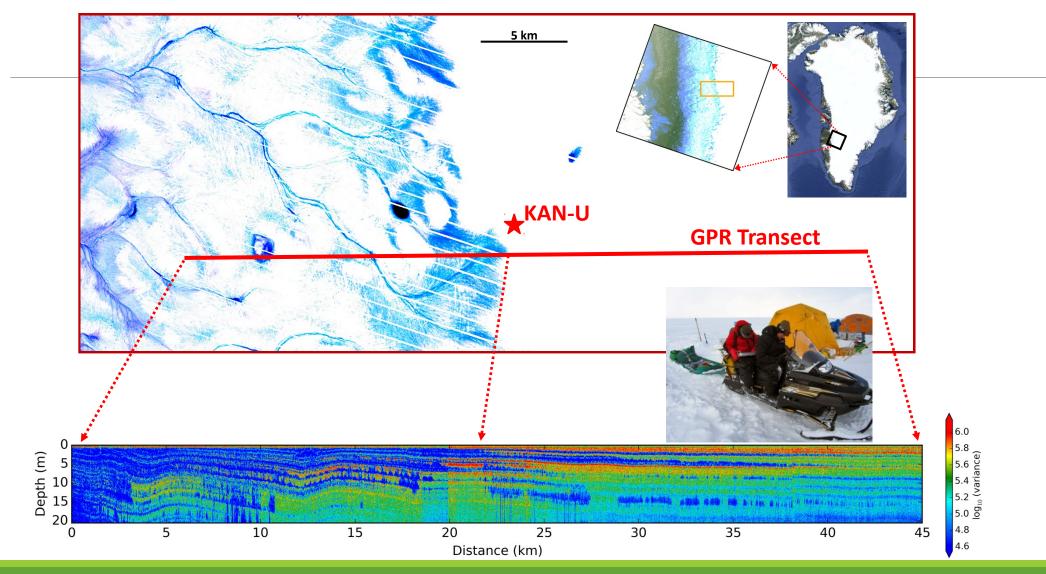
10±3% of 2012 Watson River area runoff came from "perched layer" zones at high elevation

Machguth H., M. MacFerrin, D. van As, J. Box, C. Charalampidis, W. Colgan, R. Fausto. "Succession of melt events is key to abrupt Greenland ice sheet surface mass loss". *Nature (in review)*. 2015

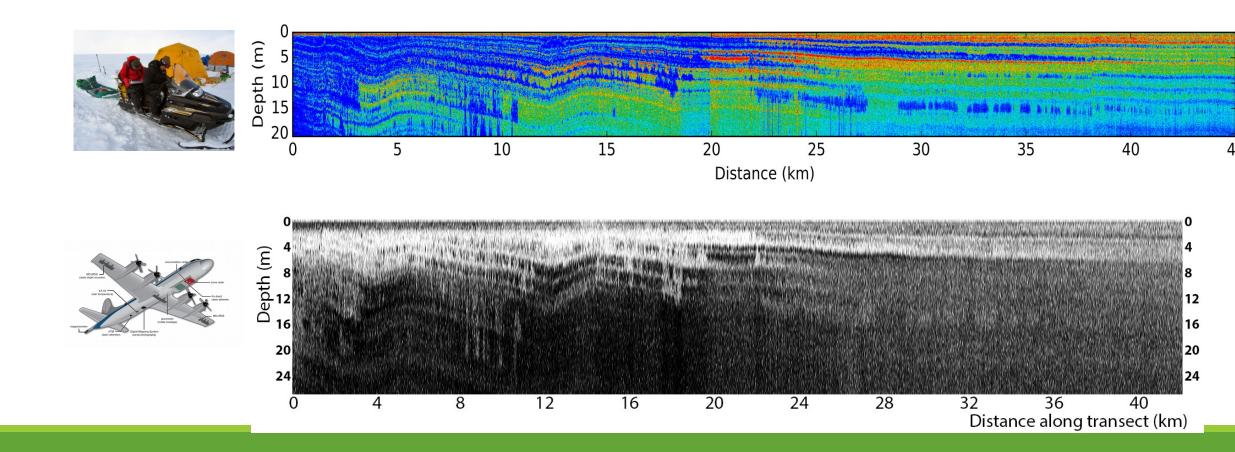


youtube.com/watch?v=WrIX-WzWA8k

radar

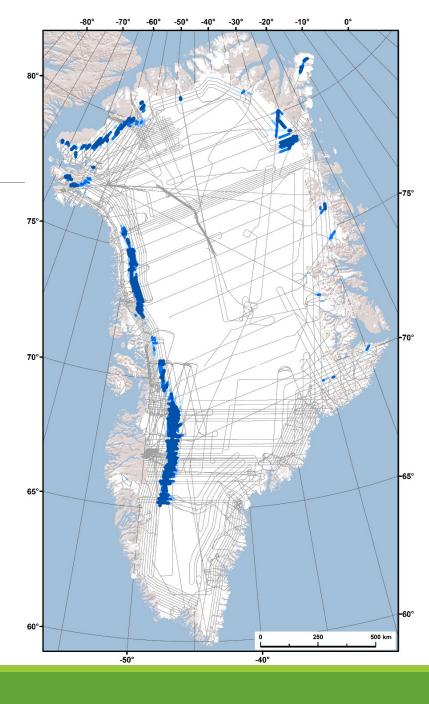


Ground radar _IceBridge radar

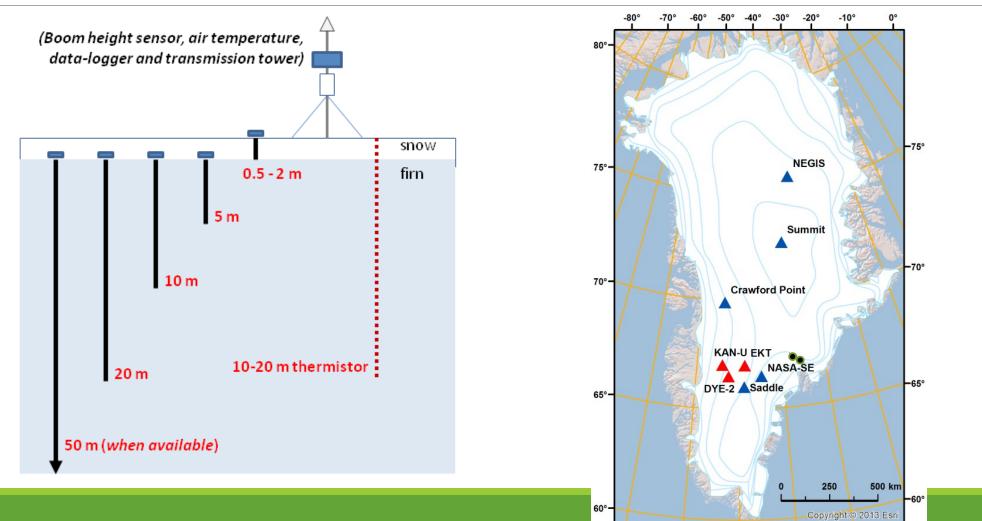


Perched Ice Layers across Greenland

- Extensive "perched" ice layers ≥1.5 meters (~5 feet) atop porous firn
- Perched layer zone spans
 ~60,000 km2 (West Virginia)
- Near-surface firn can saturate **rapidly** (decadal)



"FirnCover" Compaction Stations (v3), 2015

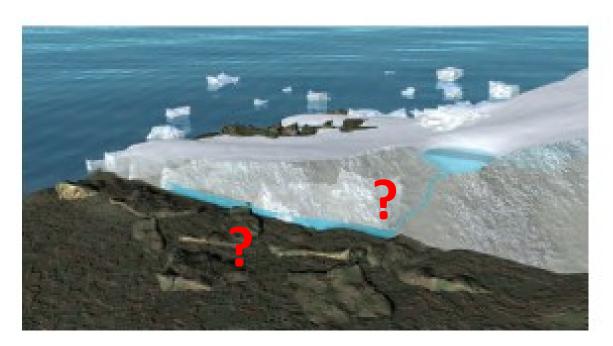


-50°

-40°

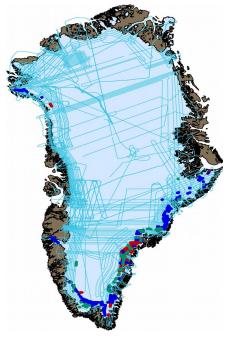
Open Questions in Greenland's SMB

- Volume of melt water and trends in volume?
- How does meltwater route on, within, and under the ice sheet?
- How are accumulation rates changing (SWE)?
- Accurate outlines of drainage basins?
- "Runoff" vs. "Outflow"?
- Outflow from tidewater glaciers?
- How does water percolate through snow?
- How does meltwater change firn density?
- How does meltwater change firn porosity?



Radar Technologies

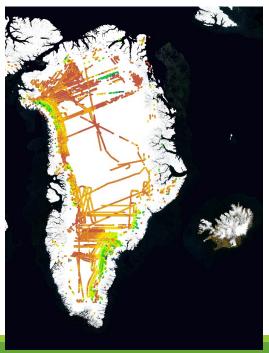
Aquifer Mapping

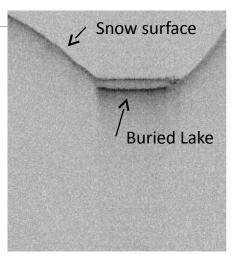




GROVER transport

Accumulation Mapping





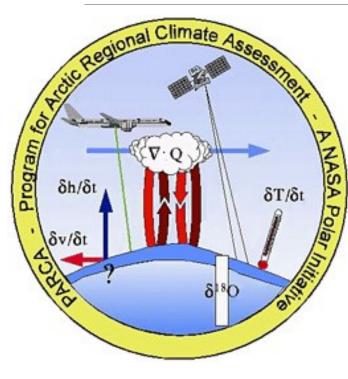
Buried Lake Mapping

Water Percolating/Sloshing in Core



Water content has proven extremely difficult to measure in snow and firn (in situ *or* remotely sensed)

NASA is very interested in Greenland SMB





Pay attention to:

- Upscaling
- Spatial heterogeneity
- Link measurements to remote sensing & modeling, on ice-sheet scales



Questions? Ideas?

- Accumulation
- Compaction
- Melt
- Percolation
- Refreezing
- Water Routing
- Runoff & Outflow
- Water Content
- Spatial Upscaling

